

# Laboratory\_06: OpenSSL for AES, RSA and ECC

This laboratory covers OpenSSL tool applicability.

## Installation

- sudo apt update
- sudo apt-get install openssl -y
- openssl version

## OpenSSL for symmetric encryption

1. Create a file to encrypt:
  - a. echo "lab for fun, hands-on learning." > secret.txt
2. Review the created file:
  - a. cat secret.txt

## OpenSSL for RSA

3. Generate a key pair with:
  - a. openssl genrsa -out private.pem 1024
4. Review key pair created:
  - a. cat private.pem
5. View the RSA key pair:
  - a. openssl rsa -in private.pem -text -noout
6. Secure the encrypted key with 3-DES:
  - a. openssl rsa -in private.pem -des3 -out key3des.pem
7. Export the public key:
  - a. openssl rsa -in private.pem -out public.pem -outform PEM -pubout

8. Create a file named “secret.txt” and put a message into it. Next encrypt it with your public key:
  - a. openssl pkeyutl -encrypt -pubin -inkey public.pem -in secret.txt -out file.bin
9. Decrypt with the private key:
  - a. openssl pkeyutl -decrypt -inkey private.pem -in file.bin -out decrypted.txt

## OpenSSL for Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC)

10. Generate a private key:
  - a. openssl ecparam -name secp256k1 -genkey -out ecc\_private.pem
11. View the details of the ECC parameters used with:
  - a. openssl ecparam -in ecc\_private.pem -text -param\_enc explicit -noout

12. Generate your public key based on your private key with:
  - a. openssl ec -in ecc\_private.pem -text -noout

13. Extract the public key from your private key:

```
openssl ec -in ecc_private.pem -pubout -out ecc_public.pem
```

14. Create a message file for signing:

```
echo "This is a message to be signed with ECC" > ecc_message.txt
```

15. Sign the message with your ECC private key:

```
openssl dgst -sha256 -sign ecc_private.pem -out ecc_signature.bin ecc_message.txt
```

16. Verify the signature using the public key:

```
openssl dgst -sha256 -verify ecc_public.pem -signature
```

## Comparing RSA and ECC Performance

### 1. Key Generation Time Comparison

```
# Measure RSA key generation time (2048-bit)
```

```
time openssl genrsa -out rsa_2048.pem 2048
```

```
# Measure RSA key generation time (4096-bit)
```

```
time openssl genrsa -out rsa_4096.pem 4096
```

```
# Measure ECC key generation time (secp256k1)
```

```
time openssl ecparam -name secp256k1 -genkey -out ecc_256.pem
```

```
# Measure ECC key generation time (secp521r1 - higher security)
```

```
time openssl ecparam -name secp521r1 -genkey -out ecc_521.pem
```

### 2. File Size Comparison

```
# Compare key sizes
```

```
ls -l rsa_2048.pem rsa_4096.pem ecc_256.pem ecc_521.pem
```

### 3. Signature Creation and Verification

# Create a sample file

```
echo "This is a test message for digital signature comparison" > message.txt
```

# RSA Signing

```
openssl dgst -sha256 -sign rsa_2048.pem -out rsa_signature.bin message.txt  
time openssl dgst -sha256 -sign rsa_2048.pem -out rsa_signature.bin message.txt
```

# RSA Verification

```
openssl rsa -in rsa_2048.pem -pubout -out rsa_pub.pem  
time openssl dgst -sha256 -verify rsa_pub.pem -signature rsa_signature.bin  
message.txt
```

# ECC Signing

```
time openssl dgst -sha256 -sign ecc_256.pem -out ecc_signature.bin message.txt
```

# ECC Verification

```
openssl ec -in ecc_256.pem -pubout -out ecc_pub.pem  
time openssl dgst -sha256 -verify ecc_pub.pem -signature ecc_signature.bin  
message.txt
```

# Compare signature sizes

```
ls -l rsa_signature.bin ecc_signature.bin
```

## 4. Encryption/Decryption Speed Comparison

# Create a test file of 1MB for encryption tests

```
dd if=/dev/urandom of=testfile.bin bs=1M count=1
```

# RSA encryption/decryption is limited by key size, so we'll encrypt a small chunk

```
head -c 100 testfile.bin > small_chunk.bin
```

# RSA encryption (public key)

```
time openssl pkeyutl -encrypt -pubin -inkey rsa_pub.pem -in small_chunk.bin -out rsa_encrypted.bin
```

# RSA decryption (private key)

```
time openssl pkeyutl -decrypt -inkey rsa_2048.pem -in rsa_encrypted.bin -out rsa_decrypted.bin
```

# For ECC, use ECDH to generate a shared secret and then use symmetric encryption

# Generate ephemeral ECDH keypair

```
openssl ecparam -name secp256k1 -genkey -out ecdh_temp.pem
```

```
openssl ec -in ecdh_temp.pem -pubout -out ecdh_temp_pub.pem
```

# Derive shared secret (normally the other party would do this with their private key)

```
time openssl pkeyutl -derive -inkey ecc_256.pem -peerkey ecdh_temp_pub.pem -out shared_secret.bin
```

# Use the shared secret to encrypt with AES-256-CBC

```
time openssl enc -aes-256-cbc -salt -in testfile.bin -out ecc_encrypted.bin -pass  
file:/shared_secret.bin
```

*# Decrypt*

```
time openssl enc -d -aes-256-cbc -in ecc_encrypted.bin -out ecc_decrypted.bin -  
pass file:/shared_secret.bin
```